Factors to consider for ASx testing program

- Individual testing vs pooled testing
 - If pooling → pool size, method of pooling, pool deconvolution strategy
- Lab, sample type, testing method
 - Broad/CIC in Boston (AN swab) vs Mirimus in NY (saliva)
 - Method (PCR)
 - Turnaround time
- Frequency of surveillance (e.g. weekly, biweekly, monthly)
- Testing populations
 - Staff population (all staff, highest-risk staff, student-facing staff only)
 - Student population (high school, middle school (grades 6-8), PK-6)
- Operational considerations
 - Home vs. onsite sample collection
 - Need for retesting for positive pool
 - Communication and reporting requirements
 - Staffing
- Cost considerations
 - Community participation
- Three plans under consideration
 - Pooled testing of staff (pool = 5) → add Grades 6-12 students (pool = 10) Broad/CIC (AN swabs)
 - Individual testing of staff → add pooled testing of Grades 6-12 students (pool = 10) Broad/CIC (AN swabs)
 - Pooled testing of staff (pool = 24) → add Grade 6-12 students (pool = 24) Mirimus (saliva)*